

SUVCW FORT DONELSON CAMP No. 62 Volume 14 Issue No. 1 **Battle of Fort Donelson**

In February 1862, General Ulysses S. Grant, a native Ohioan, led a Union force that captured Fort Donelson from the Confederacy. Located in Tennessee, Fort Donelson guarded the Cumberland River.

Following his victory at Fort Henry on the Tennessee River, Grant marched his troops to Fort Donelson. The Northerners arrived on February 12, 1862. The next day, a Union gunboat opened fire on the fort but did minimal damage to the structure. That evening additional ships and soldiers arrived, giving Grant almost a three to one advantage in the number of men available for a fight. The Union ships bombarded the Confederate position on February 14, but the ships again failed to achieve any major progress.

On February 15, Confederate soldiers the Northern infantrymen. attacked Although the Southerners had some initial success, Grant's men regrouped and occupied part of Fort Donelson's outer defenses along the Confederate right flank. That night, many of the Confederate soldiers fled from the fort, leaving a small number of men under Brigadier-General Simon Buckner's command. On the morning of February 16, Buckner sent a message to Grant, requesting surrender terms. Grant replied with, "No terms except an unconditional and immediate surrender can be accepted." Grant's response earned him the nickname "Unconditional Surrender Grant" and helped make him a hero in the North. Vastly outnumbered, the Confederates immediately surrendered

and gave the Union control of much of the Cumberland River.

Winter 2008

On the afternoon of February 16, Grant Buckner met to formalize the and surrender. These two men had attended the United States Military Academy at West Point together and were good friends. Grant even paid Buckner some money to settle an old debt that he owed the Southerner at this meeting. Despite the Northerner's victory, Buckner and Grant stayed friends for the rest of their lives. Buckner served as a pallbearer at Grant's funeral.



Portrait of Lieutenant General Ulysses S. Grant ca. 1864-1865.

From Ohio History Central http://www.ohiohistorycentral.org/entry.php



Camp Commander & Newsletter Editor

Sam C. Gant

Civil War Lineage:

Grandfather: Pvt. Samuel C. Gant, 161st O.V.I. Fifteen other ancestral family members served in the Union Army

SUVCW Service:

Member, Fort Donelson Camp -since Jan 2005 Patriotic Instructor, Dept of TN – 2005 Junior Vice Commander, Dept of TN – 2006-07 Recipient: SUVCW Meritorious Service Award (Gen. Order #14) – 2007

Other Volunteer Service:

Concord Road church of Christ – Elder Save The Franklin Battlefield, Inc. – Secretary Heritage Foundation – Editing & proofreading Williamson County Historical Society – Marker Committee

Speaker:

D.A.R., U.D.C., STFB, Brentwood Historical Seniors, Franklin Senior Citizens, & others **Professional:**

Retired – Professor of History, *emeritus* Nashville State Community College

SUVCW NATIONAL GRAVE REGISTRATION

Pvt. Samuel C. Gant Grandfather of Brother Sam Gant



Samuel Campbell Gant, b. 28 April 1833, d. 12 July 1915. Private, Co. C, 161st Ohio Inf. Enlisted: 2 May 1864; Discharged: 2 Sept. 1864. Buried: Limestone Hill Cemetery, Rockport, Wood County, West Virginia

Camp Commander's Message

Thank you for entrusting me with the command of SUVCW Fort Donelson Camp No. 62. Although coming to the command through default, I will take the charge seriously. Since I am a novice at this post, there is much that I do not know about the responsibilities and protocol, but I hope to be able to call upon many of you for help and advice.

The success of the Camp over the next few months will depend on each brother and our desire to bring honor to our Civil War ancestors who suffered untold hardships, sacrificed their health, shed their blood, and laid down their lives that we may have the unity and freedom of today.

In 2008, Camp No. 62 will concentrate on honoring the Civil War service of ancestral family members of the brothers of the Camp and on promoting awareness of the battles and battle sites within the areas of Tennessee where members of the Camp reside

Ways in which we may honor our Civil War ancestors include sharing information about their service and by registering their service information and burial sites in the SUVCW Grave Registration. We will place in the Newsletter the information on those Civil War ancestors registered. JVC Andrew Duffel will coordinate this registration process. A second way to honor these ancestors is by publishing brief sketches of their Civil War service.

For Middle Tennessee, as space permits, we will focus on the battles and battle sites from Battles of Fort Donelson, Shiloh, the Murfreesboro, Thompson's Station, Parker's Crossroads, Spring Hill, Franklin, and Nashville, with occasional references to skirmishes or other incidents in these areas. We also will include information from battles in West Tennessee as our brothers from that area supply us with information.

Plans are in progress for a spring meeting for the Fort Donelson Camp No. 62. If the plans materialize as projected, the meeting and program should be well worth the drive for those brothers in more distant areas.

In Fraternity, Charity, and Loyalty,

Sam Gant, Camp Commander

News in Review

Preservation March to Benefit Battlefields HALLOWED GROUND — Winter 2007 — WASHINGTON -From November 1-2. 2008. authentic-minded reenactors will march across the Virginia countryside for endangered battlefields. All funds raised will benefit battlefield acquisition at Fredericksburg, Va., Franklin, Tenn., and Wilson's Creek, Mo. Forty percent will go to Fredericksburg's Slaughter Pen Farm, 30 percent will go to Franklin, 20 percent will go to Wilson's Creek. and the remaining 10 percent will help protect Loudoun County's Civil War sites.

Carter House gets grant for new center — Franklin Review Appeal - 12/12/07 FRANKLIN — Carter House officials announced the plans for a \$4.5 million interpretative center — and a \$1.2 million state grant to jump-start the project - at the house museum on Nov. 30, the 143rd anniversary of the Battle of Franklin. A new visitors center will be created inside the old Optimist Club gymnasium, which was part of the original Franklin High School. Also, an up-to-date interpretive center that immerses visitors in what life in Franklin in 1864 was like, and specifically what the fighting was like.



13th U.S.C.T. at Fort Negley Visitor Center Dedication

Center tells Fort Negley's story — The Tennessean — 12/14/07 — NASHVILLE — A new visitors center opened Saturday. December 14, at Fort Negley, where Union troops fired some of the first shots of the Battle of Nashville. The battle on Dec. 15-16, 1864, helped decide the Civil War in the Union's favor, as Northern soldiers routed their Confederate opponents. The fort was closed to the public for about 60 years before reopening in 2004 with a \$1 million interpretive trail and boardwalk, which leads to the top of a hill. Now, the \$1 million, taxpaver-funded visitors center at the base of the hill, with touch-screen displays and war photos, will give visitors more opportunities to learn about the war - and Nashville's central role in it.

Civil War Service

Col. (Brev. Brig. Gen.) James P. Brownlow, 1st Tenn. Cav., U.S.

Col. Brownlow commanded the 1st Tenn. Cav., U.S., in a Sept. 1864 skirmish against a division of Wheeler's cavalry commanded by Brig. Gen. John H. Kelly. In this cavalry clash, about 5 miles south of Franklin, Tennessee, Gen. Kelly was mortally wounded and Col. Brownlow was "shot through the body," but he recovered. Brownlow received his brevet Brigadier General commission in April 1865 and served as Adjutant General, State of Tennessee, under his father, Gov. "Parson" W.G. Brownlow.

Following the War, Gen. Brownlow lived in Franklin, Tennessee, where he was held in high regard by the community. At his death, a proclamation stated, in part, "He came to us during the war a stranger and an enemy, holding the rank of Colonel in the Federal army. Even while occupying this relation he won the admiration of our soldiers for his valor, and the kindness and justice to noncombatants. He was thoroughly imbued with the courage and chivalry of the Tennessean. He lived long enough with us after the war to change our esteem and respect into affection."

Prominent members of the Franklin community, all Confederate veterans, served as pallbearers escorting Gen. Brownlow's body from the depot. He is buried in Rest Haven Cemetery, Franklin, Tennessee.

Lieut. Col. George W. Grummond, 14th Regiment, Michigan Infantry. 2nd Lieut., 18th Regiment, U.S. Infantry

Lieut. Col. Grummond served as Provost Marshal during the Union occupation of Franklin, Tennessee. Later he commanded the 14th MI in the Campaign of the Carolinas. Following his discharge from the 14th MI, he was commissioned a 2nd Lieutenant in the 18th Reg., U.S. Infantry. He was assigned to Fort Phil Kearny, WY. On Dec. 21, 1866, under the command of Capt. Fetterman, Grummond led a cavalry attack against the warriors of White Cloud. The entire detachment as killed in what became known as the "Fetterman Massacre." Grummond's widow. Frances Courtnev Grummond had her husband's frozen body shipped back to her hometown, Franklin, to be buried in Rest Haven Cemetery.

Civil War Action

- 31 Dec 1862 2 Jan 1863 Battle of Stones River 1 Jan 1863 — Lincoln signs Emancipation Proclamation 8 Jan 1863 — CSA captures US gunboat, Hastings, at the Harpeth Shoals on the Cumberland River 12 Jan 1863 — CSA captures and burns US gunboat, Charter, on the Cumberland River near Ashland City 22 Jan 1862 — USS Lexington bombards Fort Henry 2 Feb 1863 — CSA cavalry attacks Fort Donelson 2 Feb 1863 — Federals occupy Franklin 6 Feb 1862 — Fort Henry falls to Grant's Union Army 13 Feb 1865 — John Bell Hood resigns as commander of the Army of Tennessee 13-16 Feb 1862 — Battle of Fort Donelson 19 Feb 1862 — Federal forces occupy Clarksville 20 Feb 1862 — Tenn. State Capitol relocated to Memphis 23 Feb 1862 — Lincoln names Andrew Johnson Military Governor of Tennessee 25 Feb 1862 — Union forces occupy Nashville 4-5 Mar 1863 — Battle of Thompson's Station 5 Mar 1863 — Construction begun on Triune earthworks 6 Mar 1863 — US Gen. Granger, commanding at Franklin, begins building fortifications 17 Mar 1864—Gen. Grant, while in Nashville, assumes command of the Armies of the United States
- 25 Mar 1863 Battle of Brentwood

Upcoming Events

The Department of Tennessee SUVCW 13th Annual Department Encampment, Montgomery, Alabama Saturday, January 26th 2008

Fort Donelson National Battlefield:

Feb. 16, 10:00 a.m. & 2:00 p.m.—Generals Grant & Buckner re-enact the surrender scene aboard the *USS New Uncle Sam* Feb. 16, 10 a.m. until 4 p.m.— 50th TN Inf. (CSA) portray camp & soldier life during 1862 Battle Feb. 17, 1:30—Re-creation of Fort Donelson surrender at the Dover Hotel Mar.1 & 2, 10 a.m. until 4 p.m.—9th KY Inf. (USA) portray camp & soldier life during 1862 Battle Musket firing demonstrations at 1:00 & 2:00

2008 dues have been received from one-half the Fort Donelson Camp # 62 membership and trust that the remainder will be received soon. Checks payable to: David L. Eagan



Fort Donelson Camp # 62 Sons of Union Veterans of the Civil War

CAMP OFFICERS

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Return Service Requested